proprietors demanding the same; but so as that if the said merchandizes be contraband, it shall not be any ways lawful to carry them afterwards to any ports belonging to the enemy.

The two contracting parties agree, that the term of two months being passed after the declaration of war, their respective citizens, from whatever part of the world they come, shall not plead the ignorance mentioned in this article.

XVI. The merchant ships belonging to the citizens of either of the contracting parties, which shall be bound to a port of the enemy of one of the parties, and concerning whose voyage, and the articles of their cargo, there shall be just grounds of suspicion, shall be obliged to exhibit, as well upon the high seas as in the ports or roads, not only their passports, but likewise their certificates, shewing that their goods are not of the quality of those which are specified to be contraband in the 13th article of the present convention.

XVII. And that captures on light suspicions may be avoided and injuries thence arising prevented, it is agreed, that when one party shall be engaged in war, and the other party be neuter, the ships of the neutral party shall be furnished with passports similar to that described in the fourth article, that it may appear thereby that the ships really belong to the citizens of the neutral party; they shall be valid for any number of voyages, but shall be renewed every year, that is, if the ship happens to return home in the space of a year. If the ships are laden, they shall be provided not only with the passports above mentioned, but also with certificates similar to those described in the same article, so that it may be known whether they carry any contraband goods. No other paper shall be required, any usage or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.—And if it shall not appear from the said certificates that there are contraband goods on board, the ships shall be permitted to proceed on their voyage. If it shall appear from these certificates, that there are contraband goods on board any such ship, and the commander of the same shall offer to deliver them up, the offer shall be excepted, and the ship be at liberty to pursue its voyage, unless the quantity of the contraband goods be greater than can conveniently be received on board the ship of war or privateer, in which case the ship may be carried into port for the delivery of the same.

If any ship shall not be furnished with such passport or certificates as are above required for the same, such case may be examined by a proper judge or tribunal, and if it shall appear from other documents or proofs, admissible by the usage of nations that the ship belongs to citizens of the neutral party, it shall not be confiscated, but shall be released with her cargo (contraband goods excepted) and be permitted to proceed on her voyage.

If the master of a ship, named in the passport, should happen to die or be removed by any other cause, and another put in his place, the ship and cargo shall nevertheless be equally secure, and the passport remain in full force.

XVIII. If the ships of the citizens of either of the parties shall be met with, either sailing along the coasts, or on the high seas, by any ship of war or privateer of the other; for the avoiding of any disorder, the said ships of war or privateers shall remain out of cannon shot, and may send their boats on board the merchant ship which they shall so meet with, and may enter her to the number of two or three men only, to whom the master or commander of such ship shall exhibit his passport concerning the property of the ship, made out according to the form prescribed in the fourth article. And it is expressly agreed that the neutral party shall in no case be required to go on board the examining vessel for the purpose of exhibiting his papers, or for any other examination whatever.

XIX. It is expressly agreed by the contracting parties, that the stipulations above mentioned, relative to the conduct to be observed on the sea by the cruisers of the belligerent party towards the ships of the party, shall be applied only to ships sailing without convoy; and when the said ships shall be convoyed, it being the intention of the parties to observe all the regard due to the protection of the flag displayed by public ships, it shall not be lawful to visit them: but the verbal declaration of the commander of the convoy, that the ships he convoys belong to the nation whose flag he carries, and that they have no contraband goods on board, shall be considered by the respective cruisers as fully sufficient: the two parties reciprocally engaging not to admit under the protection of their convoys, ships which shall carry contraband goods destined to an enemy.

XX. In all cases where vessels shall be captured or detained under pretence of carrying to the enemy contraband goods, the captor shall give a receipt for such of the papers of the vessel as he shall retain, which receipt shall be annexed to a descriptive list of the said papers: and it shall be unlawful to break up or open the hatches, chests, trunks, casks, bales, or vessels found on board, or remove the smallest part of the goods, unless the lading be brought on shore in presence of the competent officers, and an inventory be made by them of the said goods. Nor shall it be lawful to sell, exchange or alienate the same in any manner, unless there shall have been lawful process, and the competent judge or judges shall have pronounced against such goods sentence of confiscation, saving always the ship and the other goods which it contains.

XXI. And that proper care may be taken of the vessel and cargo, and embezzlement prevented, it is agreed, that it shall not be lawful to remove the master, commander, or supercargo of any captured ship from on board thereof, either during the time the ship may be at sea after her capture, or pending the proceedings against her or her cargo, or any thing relative thereto. And in all cases where a vessel of the citizens of either party shall be captured, or seized, and held for adjudication, her officers, passengers and crew, shall be hospitably treated. They shall not be imprisoned or deprived of any part of their wearing apparel, nor of the possession and use of their money, not exceeding for the captain, supercargo and mate five hundred dollars each, and for the sailors and passengers one hundred dollars each.

XXII. It is further agreed, that in all cases, the established courts for prize causes, in the country to which the prizes may be conducted, shall alone take cognizance of them. And whenever such tribunal of either of the parties shall pronounce judgment against any vessel or goods, or property claimed by the citizens of the other party, the sentence or decree shall mention the reasons or motives on which the same shall have been founded, and an authenticated copy of the sentence or decree, and of all the proceedings in the case, shall if demanded, be delivered to the commander or agent of the said vessel, without any delay, he paying the legal fees for the same.

XXIII. And that more abundant care may be taken for the security of the respective citizens of the contracting parties, and to prevent their suffering injuries by the men of war or privateers of either party, all commanders of ships of war and privateers, and all others the said citizens, shall forbear doing any damage to those of the other party, or committing any outrage against them, and if they act to the contrary they shall be punished, and shall also be bound in their persons and estates to make satisfaction and reparation for all damages and the interest thereof, of whatever nature the said damages may be.

For this cause all commanders of privateers, before they receive their commissions, shall hereafter be obliged to give, before a competent judge, sufficient security by at least two responsible sureties, who have no interest in the said privateer, each of whom, together with the said commander, shall be jointly and severally bound in the sum of seven thousand dollars, or thirty-six thousand eight hundred and twenty francs, or if such ships be provided with above one hundred and fifty seamen or soldiers, in the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, or seventy-three thousand six hundred and forty francs, to satisfy all damages and injuries which the said privateer, or her officers or men, or any of them, may do or commit during their cruise, contrary to the tenor of this convention, or to the laws and instructions for regulating their conduct; and further, that in all cases of aggressions the said commission shall be revoked and annulled.

XXIV. When the ships of war of the two contracting parties, or those belonging to their citizens which are armed in war, shall be admitted to enter with their prizes the ports of either of the two parties, the said public or private ships, as well as their prizes, shall not be obliged to pay any duty either to the officers of the place, the judges or any others: nor shall such prizes, when they come to and enter the ports of either party, be arrested or seized, nor shall the officers of the place make examination concerning the lawfulness of such prizes; but they may hoist sail at any time and depart and carry their prizes to the places expressed in their commissions, which the commanders of such ships of war shall be obliged to shew. It is always understood that the stipulations of this article shall not extend beyond the privileges of the most favoured nation.

XXV. It shall not be lawful for any foreign privateers who have commissions from any prince or state in enmity with either nation, to fit their ships in the ports of either nation, to sell their prizes, or in any manner to exchange them; neither shall they be allowed to purchase provisions, except such as shall be necessary for their going to the next port of that prince or state, from which they have received their commissions.

XXVI. It is further agreed, that both the said contracting parties shall not only refuse to receive any pirates into any of their ports, havens or towns, or permit any of their inhabitants to receive, protect, harbour, conceal, or assist them in any manner, but will bring to condign punishment all such inhabitants as shall be guilty of such act or offences.

And all their ships, with the goods or merchandises taken by them and brought into the port of either of the said parties, shall be seized as far as they can be discovered, and shall be restored to the owners, or their factors or agents duly authorised by them; (proper evidence being first given before competent judges for proving the property) even in case such effects should have passed into other hands by sale, if it be proved that the buyers knew or had good reason to believe, or suspect that they had been piratically taken.

XXVII. Neither party will intermeddle in the fisheries of the other on its coasts, nor disturb the other in the exercise of the rights which it now has, or may acquire on the coast of Newfoundland, in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, or elsewhere on the American coast, northward of the United States. But the whale and seal fisheries shall be free to both in every quarter of the world.

This convention shall be ratified on both sides in due form, and the ratifications exchanged in the space of six months or sooner if possible.

In faith whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles both in the French and English languages, and they have thereto affixed their seals; declaring nevertheless that the signing in the two languages shall not be brought into precedent

[illegible] nor in any way cause to [illegible] party.

Done at Paris the eighth day of [illegible] the ninth year of the [illegible] thirteenth day of September [illegible] eighteen hundred.

(L. S.) *Joseph Buonaparte.*
(L. S.) *Oliver Ellsworth.*
(L. S.) *Charles Pierre [illegible]*
(L. S.) *William R. Davie.*
(L. S.) *Pierre Louis Roederer.*
(L. S.) *William V. Murray.*

NEW-YORK, December [illegible].

Oliver Ellsworth, Esq; one of the American [illegible] to France, arrived at London on the 29th [illegible] He is highly spoken of by the London editors.

Capt. Barclay, arrived here yesterday from St. Sebastian, informs, that all intercourse between France and Spain is stopped, in consequence of the plague which rages in all parts of the latter kingdom. All American vessels are obliged to perform quarantine, and what is very singular, they attribute the introduction of their calamity to vessels from this country.

LONDON PAPERS,

To November 17th, were last evening received by the ship Brutus from London. Many of the intermediate papers from the 4th to the 17th being wanting, we are unable to give a connected chain of events. There does not, however, appear to have been any political transaction of consequence since our last reports. The English parliament has been convoked at an earlier period than usual, to take into consideration the present alarming scarcity of provisions, and to deliberate on the political aspect of affairs as they relate to negotiations for peace.

LONDON, November [illegible].

The [illegible] to the new great seal, now finished, and in the custody of the lord high chancellor, [illegible] *that the arms of France are entirely extinguished*; the arms of England, of Scotland, of Wales, and of Ireland, are quartered; and the arms of Hanover are placed upon the centre of the four quarters. His majesty, in the new seal, instead of being styled, "king of Great-Britain, France and Ireland," styles himself simply, "Britannicorum Rex", KING OF THE BRITISH. This title has a very extensive and appropriate meaning. It includes not only the British isles, but all subjects in every quarter of the globe, living under the British dominion. His majesty in council, has given orders, that his title, &c. &c. shall be altered after the expiration of the present year, in all public instruments, &c. And [illegible] are likewise given to have the arms of all the [illegible] carriages altered as above.

November 17.

The arrival of Cobentzel and Joseph Buonaparte at Luneville, is put out of doubt by the Paris papers of the 12th, which we received on Saturday. The journals were brought to Dover by the vessel which purposely sailed from Calais with Mr. Maurix, the messenger, who sometime ago brought dispatches from Cobentzel to the British court. He again came with proposals for the admission of an English minister to Luneville. Count Stahremberg being at Twickenham when Mr. Maurix reached town, the dispatches did not regularly come before our cabinet on Saturday.

LUNEVILLE, November 7.

The count de Cobentzel arrived here this morning at five o'clock and Joseph Buonaparte at noon. The former was saluted with nineteen pieces of cannon and the latter by the ringing of the only bell left in the [illegible]. The two ministers lodge in private houses, until the apartments in the castle shall be completely furnished.

STRASBURG, November [illegible].

A Russian courier passed through this city for Paris, [illegible] travelled with great speed. This is the [illegible] within a week.

PHILADELPHIA, December 21.

A letter from Washington, received yesterday morning, says, Mr. Jay has been nominated chief justice of the United States, in the room of Oliver Ellsworth, Esq; resigned.

BALTIMORE, December 26.

A gentleman, just arrived from Kentucky, informs from good authority, that Mr. Burr will have 4 votes in that state, Mr. Jefferson 3, and the other vote to be thrown away. Thus, if Tennessee votes unanimously for Burr and Jefferson, as is expected, Mr. Burr's election to the presidential chair is secured.

Accounts which may be depended on, state that the votes of Tennessee are three for Mr. Jefferson and three for Mr. Burr.

December 27.

Extract of a letter from colonel Burr to gen. S[illegible] dated New-York, Dec. 16.

"It is highly improbable that I shall have an equal number of votes with Mr. Jefferson: But if I should be the result, every man who knows me ought to know that I would utterly disdain all competition. Be assured that the federal party can entertain no wish for such an exchange. As to myself, they would dishonour my views and insult my delicacy by a suspicion that I would submit to be instrumental in counteracting the wishes and expectations of the United States. And I now conjure you and [illegible] to declare every [illegible] if the occasion should require."

A LIST of the names of [illegible] and residents of LOTS of LAND in Allegany county, held by persons not residents of said county, the amount of taxes thereon respectively due for the year eighteen hundred, and the assessment of the persons respectively chargeable with the payment of the same, the levy thereon being one dollar and forty cents on the hundred dollars worth of property, as assessed by the assessors of said county.

Names of Persons.	Names of tracts and No. of Lots.	Tax due.
Zachariah Allen	478. 75.	1 5
William Alexander and C. Lang	1402.	5½
Catharine Boyer	298. 315. 316.	1 1
Wm. Bell, Jr. Antramite and Thos. Jones	Clifton and Sportsman's Fields.	6 1 8
Benjamin Black	15.	8½
Michael Bayer	207. 436.	1 5
Thomas Bodley	1397.	8½
John Brabham	1168. 1397.	1 5
Enoch Bailey	341. 469. 422. 1275.	2 10
Richard Dorley	488.	8½
Thomas Donaldson	1133. 1134. 4157. 4156. 123. 859. 84. 130. 3098. 2082. 3032. 11. 1105. 1325. 1185. 1108. 400. 1912. 850. 1134. 439. 443. 30. 2500. 25. 1900. 440. 444. 442. 189. 447. 313. 448. 3049. 3038. 3166.	
John Doyle	900.	
Jesse Dorley	Walnut bottom and Castle Hill,	
George French	Chance and Royal Charlotte,	
George Graham	Water Works,	
Samuel Goodman	1135. 174. 825. 976. 1122. 1151. 876. 1838. 109. 1930.	
John Guyer	1124.	
Augustine Gambrill	3194. 3195. 3196. 3197.	
Archibald Golder	375.	
Levi Hughs	Part of the Granary,	
James G. Howard	296 lots,	
Edward Jones	Kenzie's Discovery,	
Thomas Johnston and James Greenleaf	½ Sancha Pancha,	
John Kingan	Partnership,	
James Martin	Chance,	
Ebenezer Mackey	Spruce Spring and Durham,	
William M. Marsdier	1797. 2022. 310. 811.	
James Greenleaf	1603. 4096. 4097. 1734. 3046.	
Michel Robinson	Mill Seat and Felicity,	
Samuel Norwood	½ Granary and ½ Sancha Pancha,	
John Orme	1165. 1413. 2029. 1244. 850.	
Raphael Peale	6.	
John Pollard	Part Bear Creek Meadows,	
John B. Regant	Governor's Neglect,	
Kirby and Cook	Part Roby's Delight,	
Gustavus Scott	Orme's Attention,	
	Chefnut Grove,	
	Now or Never,	
	2487.	
	Hard Struggle,	
Samuel Selby, 3d	Locust Ridge Refurveyed,	
	Refurvey on Recourfe,	
	Caftle Hill,	
James Miller	416. 2550. 359. 487. 929. 417.	
Thomas Blackiftone	2594. 2596. 2597. 2598.	
Robert G. Maynard	2397. 2022. 310. 811.	
John A. Sommer	25. 37. 38. 55. 57. 70. 72. 78. 81. 89. 94. 109. 119. 126. 154. 162. 163. 165. 170. 175. 180. 181. 184. 190. 196. 216. 217. 220. 230. 236. 250. 278. 316. 320. 337. 360. 382. 385. 398. 401. 404. 407. 413. 403. 448. 449. 451. 452. 456. 481. 488. 495. 802. 827. 846. 883. 876. 923. 932. 946. 951. 952. 963. 982. 989. 991. 1008. 1009. 1014. 1017. 1037. 1044. 1069. 1083. 1097. 1100. 1111. 1152. 1118. 1121. 1132. 1156. 1161. 1173. 1174. 1183. 1184. 1187. 1196. 1119. 1201. 1209. 1220. 1245. 1277. 1280. 1295. 1250. 1300. 1310. 1312. 1342. 1381. 1384. 1408. 1417. 1422. 1425. 1426. 1433. 1442. 1444. 1462. 1463. 1465. 1469. 1475. 1478. 1490. 1501. 1502. 1508. 1536. 1537. 1538. 1552. 1582. 1590. 1593. 1597. 1598. 1604. 1616. 1624. 1691. 1694. 1695. 1702. 1711. 1712. 1718. 1721. 1730. 1741. 1762. 1766. 1793. 1748. 1714. 1789. 1802. 1819. 1821. 1844. 1849. 1865. 1887. 1894. 1895. 1914. 1926. 1929. 1931. 1938. 1944. 1964. 2016. 2038. 2081. 2085. 2369. 2398. 2517. 2549. 2543. 2548. 3008. 3034. 3043. 3047. 3060. 3092. 3100. 3119. 3125. 3129. 3161. 3164. 3167. 3171.	
John Thompfon	1126. 1136. 1325.	
James Shaw	3066.	
John Willfon	4045.	
James Weft, jun.	208. 1605.	
John Prazzle	Three Springs,	
Thomas Johnfon	2 lots,	
Samuel Jay	216. 492. 167. 170. 810. 290. 1010. 1834. 1121.	
Joseph James	Road Lick and Sugar Camp,	
Henry Myers	Chance,	
Tearle and Rogers	Bull Pafture,	
Abel Sargent	5 acres land,	
	2 houfes and lots in Weftern Port,	
	8 lots in ditto,	
William and Jos. Scott	Part of William and Joseph's Amendment,	
Thomas J. Beatty	1 lot in town Cumberland,	
Henry Boozer	2 ditto,	
James M'Pherfon	1 ditto,	
Joseph Tomlinfon	1 ditto,	
Thomas Beatty	Fort Lip Refurvey,	
	Republican,	
	Flowery Meads,	
Peter Herfhie	Part Hoffman's Profpect,	
James Kenny	Long Meadows,	
Richard Ridgely	Partnerfhip Refurvey,	
Conrad Young	Independence and Hazelt Miller,	
Nicholas Galloway,	Part of St. George,	
	Refurvey on St. George,	
James Martin	Galloway's Perces,	
	Vineyard	
John Pierce	Duncan's Miftake,	
Robert Jewett	Sally's Chance,	
	1 an lot,	
	Cow Pafture,	

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county tax, and other legal charges, due on the lands aforefaid, fhall be paid to WILLIAM M'MAHON, collector of Allegany county, on or before the 15th day of June next, the whole of the above lots or parcels of land, or as much thereof as may be neceffary, as nearly the fame are thereon, fhall be fold to the highest bidder, for the payment of the fame.

By order of the Commiffioners of the Tax for Allegany county,

AQUILA ABELL BROWN, Cl.

December 16, 1800.

G. GREENE,

Very refpectfully informs his friends, and the public, that he will deliver to-morrow evening, (weather permitting) at the theatre Annapolis, the

Analyfis of a Lecture upon the

EIDOURANION,

OR,

Tranfparent Orrery,

Explaining the courfes, diftances, fituations, magnitudes and motions of the Heavenly Bodies, &c. &c. Particulars of which will be given in the hand-bills.

Tickets one dollar each to be had at Mrs. Bryce's, during the day, and at the theatre in the evening. Doors to open at half after 6, and commence precifely at 7 o'clock.

By virtue of fundry writs of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the county and general court, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 5th day of February next, at the houfe of Nicholas Watkins, fen. on Elk-Ridge,

ALL that tract or parcel of LAND, called WORTHINGTON'S BEGINNING, containing two hundred and forty two acres, more or lefs; alfo twelve negroes, conffiting of men, women and children, with fundry horfes, cows, and fheep; the above is taken in execution as the property of NICHOLAS WATKINS, fen. to fatisfy debts due to Richard Harwood, Elizabeth Dorley, Nicholas Watkins, of Thos. and Thomas, Philip and Joshua Griffith, for the ufe of Henry Howard. The fale will commence at eleven o'clock, for ready CASH. *6

JOHN WELCH, Late fheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

December 26, 1800.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, at the Poplar Spring tavern, in Anne-Arundel county, on the 7th day of February next,

ALL that tract or parcel of LAND, called DUNOWELL GROUND THICKET, containing 382 acres, on which are about 40 acres of valuable meadow ground; this property is taken in execution on a judgment againft the terre tenants of EDWARD DORSEY, of John; as thofe inclined to purchafe may be difpofed to view this property a minute defcription is deemed unneceffary. *6

HENRY HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

December 24, 1800.

New-Troy, December 22, 1800.

By virtue of an order of the orphans court of Charles county, on Tuefday the 20th of January next, if fair, if not the firft fair day, at this place, will be offered for SALE, by PUBLIC VENDUE, for READY MONEY,

THE remainder of the perfonal eftate of NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK, deceafed, that was left untold by his executors at their fale commencing at this place on Wednefday the 10th inftant, conffiting of fundry negroes, fome of which are very valuable, draught horfes, draught fteers, cattle, fheep, feather-beds and furniture, houfe-hold and kitchen furniture, plantation utenfils, a ftill, a wheat fan, and many other articles too tedious to mention, for the purpofe of paying debts due by faid deceafed. The fale to begin at 12 o'clock, and continue from day to day until all is fold. *3

BENJAMIN CAWOOD, JOHN SPALDING, } Executors.

THIS is to give notice, that the fubfcribers have obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters teftamentary on the perfonal eftate of NICHOLAS BLACKLOCK, late of faid county, deceafed, are hereby warned to exhibit the fame, with the vouchers thereof, to the fubfcribers, at or before the 1ft day of July next, they may otherwife by law be excluded from all benefit of the faid eftate. Given under our hands this 22d day of December, 1800. *3

BENJAMIN CAWOOD, JOHN SPALDING, } Executors.

THIS is to give notice, that the fubfcriber, of Charles county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of adminiftration on the perfonal eftate of capt. HENRY BOARMAN, late of Charles county, deceafed, all perfons having claims againft the faid deceafed, are hereby warned to exhibit the fame, with the vouchers thereof, to the fubfcriber, at or before the tenth day of July next, they may otherwife by law be excluded from all benefit of the faid eftate. All thofe who are indebted to the faid eftate are hereby requefted to make immediate payment, otherwife fuits will be commenced againft them. Given under my hand this 9th day of December, 1800.

TERESIA BOARMAN, Adminiftratrix.

THE fubfcriber hereby forewarns all perfons from hunting, or trefpaffing in any manner whatever, on HILL'S DELIGHT, near Annapolis, as he is determined to put the law in force againft all offenders.

JOSEPH LEONARD.

November 11, 1800.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And for SALE, at the Printing-Office,
THE

Baltimore Repository,

For the year 1801.

CONTAINING

An Almanack.
A bill to eſtabliſh an uniform ſyſtem of bankruptcy throughout the United States.
Abſtract of the revenue law.
Liſt of duties, tonnage, drawbacks & bounties, &c.
An act to value property.
An act to lay a direct tax.
An act to eſtabliſh a general ſtamp office.
Liſt of ſtamp duties.
Officers of the revenue.
Government of the United States.
Liſt of congreſs.
Departments of ſtate, treaſury, war, navy and judiciary.
Poſt-office eſtabliſhment, with times of receiving and cloſing the mails at Baltimore.
Miniſters, conſuls, &c. to and from the United States.
Liſt of the navy of the United States.
Government of the ſtate of Maryland.
Liſt of the general aſſembly.
An account of the corporation of the city of Baltimore, with a liſt of officers.
Banks, inſurance companies, &c. in ditto.
And a variety of other uſeful matter.

2

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, for CASH, at Elk-Ridge Landing, on Friday the 16th of January next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at 12 o'clock,

THE two ſtory HOUSE and LOT in that place, late the property of EDWARD GWINN, deceaſed, the houſe is convenient, and well finiſhed, having three rooms on the firſt floor and four on the ſecond, with a fire place to each; alſo a kitchen, ſtable, and every other neceſſary building. The lot contains about one acre of ground, and is under a good paled fence.

ACHSAH GWINN, Adminiſtratrix of
EDWARD GWINN.

December 19, 1800. 2

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters teſtamentary on the perſonal eſtate of FRANCIS BOWLING, late of Charles county, deceaſed, all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, at or before the 10th day of June next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 10th day of December, 1800.

MARSHAM BOWLING, Executor of
FRANCIS BOWLING. 2

NOTICE.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of HENRY HALL, ſen. late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all who have claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to exhibit the ſame, legally authenticated, for ſettlement, to

OS. S. HARWOOD, Agent for
RACHEL HALL, the ſurviving
executrix.

December 22, 1800. 2

COMMITTED to my cuſtody as a runaway, on the 29th of October laſt, a negro man named ALLEN, of a dark complexion, about 21 years of age, and 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, who ſays he is the property of a Mr. [illegible] SIMMS, of South-Carolina, and formerly the property of capt. Thomas Rogerſon, of this county. His owner is deſired to come and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold according to law.

THOMAS PRICE, Sheriff
Charles county.

November 15, 1800. 6

I HEREBY forbid and forewarn all perſons from hunting on my lands with dog or gun, or walking or riding through my incloſures, under any pretence whatever, as I am determined to proſecute ſuch as ſhall ſo offend hereafter, agreeable to law.

3X WILLIAM MUIR.

St. Mary's county, December 8, 1800.

Saint-Mary's county, ſc.

I HEREBY certify, that WILLIAM MUIR this day brought before me, the ſubſcriber, one of the juſtices of the peace for the county aforeſaid, a bay GELDING, about fourteen hands high, ſuppoſed to be thirteen years of age, no perceivable brand, bob-tail, and a little white on the near hind hoof, found treſpaſſing on his plantation. Given under my hand and ſeal this 6th December, 1800.

HENRY GARDINER. (Seal.)

The owner is requeſted to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

3X WILLIAM MUIR.

CAME to the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Gilbert Mills, the 27th of October, 1800, a bright ſorrel MARE, ſeven years old next ſpring, ſhe has a blaze face, fourteen hands high, long mane and tail, ſhod before, trots and gallops, no brand or mark. The owner is deſired to prove his property, pay charges and take her away.

3X GRIFFITH CADLE.

This is to give notice,

THAT the ſubſcriber, of the city of Baltimore, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of adminiſtration de bonis non, on the perſonal eſtate of JOHN HENRY MACCUBBIN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, all perſons having claims againſt ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, at or before the 17th day of June next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 24th day of November, 1800.

N. BRICE, Adminiſtrator D. B. N.
of John H. Maccubbin.

2

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 20th of November, a negro man named JEM, he is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, ſmooth face, large flat noſe, big mouth, and thick lips; had on when he went away, a cloth coloured camblet coat, a pair of new white kerſey breeches, and a new oſnabrig ſhirt. He has two ſiſters who are the property of Mr. George Wallace and Mr. Richard Marſhall, living between Magothy river and the Bodkin Point, he was in that neighbourhood for ten days or a fortnight after leaving home, and then had on an old blue coat. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in Annapolis, or any other gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

Weſt river, December 16, 1800. 3

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 28th of September laſt, a ſtout well made mulatto fellow, by the name of NED, he is about 23 or 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with ſtreight black hair like that of a white perſon; he had on when he went away, an oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, and a ſhort white kerſey coat, he alſo took with him ſome other cloaths. Whoever takes up the ſaid fellow, and ſecures him in any gaol in the ſtate of Maryland, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, with all reaſonable charges, and if taken out of the ſtate aforeſaid, and brought home, ſhall receive ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, with reaſonable charges, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living near the Head of Severn river, in Anne-Arundel county, in the State of Maryland. P. HAMMOND.

N. B. All perſons are forewarned harbouring the ſaid fellow on their peril. 9

THE partnerſhip of RIDGELY and EVANS having this day been diſſolved by mutual conſent, all perſons having claims againſt ſaid firm are requeſted to preſent them to JOSEPH EVANS, who is duly authoriſed to receive and pay all debts due to and from ſaid firm; thoſe indebted to the firm aforeſaid, by notes or bonds, are requeſted to make payment, and thoſe indebted on open account are deſired to call and pay the ſame, or give their notes or bonds, (with ſecurity, if required) on or before the firſt day of January, 1801. RIDGELY and EVANS.

September 13, 1800. 11

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 19th of October laſt, negro JACOB, 35 years of age, about 6 feet high, ſmooth face, high forehead, his wool growing in a peak leaves his temples bare, ſpeaks low and rather hoarſe; had on and took with him when he went away, a brownith cotton coat, a blue coarſe ſhort coat with metal buttons, old breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, and a match coat blanket; his Sunday apparel, a purple cloth coat with rimmed buttons, nankeen breeches, mixed worſted ſtockings, and half boots; he profeſſes to be a Methodiſt, and has been in the practice of preaching of nights; it is expected he is harbouring about the city of Annapolis, Weſt river, South river, South river Neck, or Queen-Anne, as he has a wife at Miſs Murdoch's. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid fellow in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

THOMAS GIBBS, living near Queen-Anne.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forewarned harbouring, employing, or carrying off ſaid fellow at their peril. T. G.

March 7, 1800. 20

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the 21ſt of February, a negro man named DICK, about forty years of age, five feet ſix inches high, round full face, large eyes, very bow legged, ſlow of ſpeech, and fond of ſmoking a pipe, he is a methodiſt preacher; took along with him a country cloth coat, and one gray coloured, and breeches, two oſnabrig ſhirts, ſhort kerſey coat and trouſers, ſhoes nailed. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reaſonable charges, paid by me HUGH DRUMMOND.

February 24, 1800. 20

JOHN MUNROE,

Boot and Shoe-Maker,

Has juſt received from LONDON,

AN handſome aſſortment of MOROCCO and KID LEATHER, of various colours, a quantity of ſeal ſkins, boot-legs, bend ſoals, and a variety of ladies kid ſlippers, aſſorted.

Annapolis, October 23, 1800. X

JOSEPH EVANS,

TAKES this method to inform the public, and his friends in particular, that he has commenced buſineſs in the ſtore lately occupied by RIDGELY and EVANS, where he now OFFERS for SALE,

A VARIETY of GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent ſeaſon,

Amongſt which are,

SUPERFINE, ſecond and coarſe broad cloths.
Double milled drab of a ſuperior quality.
Superfine and coarſe coatings.
Beſt Faſhings, faſhionable colours.
Green baizes, ſcarloughts and halfthicks.
Mixed plains, white kerſeys.
Welch plains, flannels, ſtriped & plain blankets.
Velvets, fancy cords, thickſets, corduroys & faſtians.
Silk velvets, and ſwandowns.
Striped bed tickings & apron checks.
Moreens, tamboreens & jeans.
Durants, callimancoes & wildbores.
Bombazeens & bombazets.
Luteſtrings, ſattins and ſarſnet.
Modes and ſarſnet.
Striped ſattin florentines.
Ladies Morocco and ſtuff ſhoes.
Womens and mens ſilk, cotton & worſted hoſe.
Girls and boys cotton and worſted ditto.
Mens & boys coarſe yarn, fulled, worſted gloves and ſtockings.
Ladies habit, kid and extra long white and coloured ſilk gloves.
Mens buck, died doe, drawn tanned, beaver, and white ſilk, ditto.
Mens and boys fine and coarſe hats.
Iriſh linens, diapers, and diaper table cloths.
Ruſſia & Iriſh ſheetings.
Ruſſia drillings.
Brown and white rolles.
Brown hempen linen, and beſt ticklenburgs.
Bandanno, croſs barred, & black Barcelona, ſilk handkerchiefs.
Stamped linen and cotton ditto.
Purple ſhawls, chintz, muſlin, and camel's hair ditto.
An handſome aſſortment of muſlins and muſlin handkerchiefs.
A variety of the neweſt & moſt faſhionable coat and ſhoe buckles.
Ribands, gauze ribbands and ferrets.
Ounce, colored & white brigs threads.
Beſt ſhoe wax in balls.
Fine chemical ſponge, and writing paper, tablements and ſpelling books.
Ink powder, waters and quills.
Black lead pencils, about necks.
Leather and Morocco pocket books.
Tooth, cloth, and ſcrubbing brushes.
Hair brooms & ſwiſhes.
Cowhide & plated whips.
Ladies tortoiſeſhell and crooked horn combs.
Coarſe horn, ivory, and barber's ditto.
Beſt gunpowder, patent ſhot, and gun flints.
Caſtor oil, in quart bottles.
Glauber ſalts, beſt bark.
Table knives and forks.
Pocket and heft penknives.
Butchers, cyphers, and pruning ditto.
Razors and ſciſſors, aſſorted.
Elegant japanned tea trays, and waiters.
Curry combs and hair brushes.
Wood ſcrews & brads plain.
Locks of various kinds.
Hinges aſſorted, ſpades and frying-pans.
Japanned, flat and dreſſing candle ſticks.
Springs aſſorted.
4d, 8d, 10d, 20d, & 30d flat pointed nails.
Patent iron tea kettles, & irons.
Shovels and tongs.
Iron pots, Dutch ovens, and ſkates.
China and glaſs ware.
Green and blue edged diſhes and plates.
White ditto.
Wath bowls and pitchers, &c. &c.
Large and ſmall brown ſtone jars and jugs.
8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Bohemia window glaſs.

ALSO GROCERIES, viz.

Beſt hyſon, hyſon-ſkin, ſouchong & congo teas.
Loaf and brown ſugars.
Coffee, chocolate, ſoap, candles, ſtarch, and fig blue.
Pepper, nutmegs, and alſpice.
Keg and box raiſins, almonds, figs, currants, & ſweet meats in jars.
Pearl barley.
James river chewing tobacco.
Beſt old Cognac & French brandy.
Rum and Jamaica ſpirits.
Whiſkey, peach and apple brandy.
And a number of other articles too tedious to mention.

All of which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for cash, tobacco, wheat, and Indian corn.

☞ A few of Hopkins's razor ſtrops and compoſition at a reduced price. 6

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next Cecil county court for a commiſſion to mark and bound, agreeably to an act of aſſembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, paſſed in the November ſeſſion, 1788, and the ſupplement thereto, the following tracts of land, viz. ST. XAVERIUS, ST. IGNATIUS, part of WORSEL MANOR, part of WOOLSEDGE, and part of ARKSMAN, all being and lying in Cecil county, near the Head of St. Auſtin's creek, commonly called Little Bohemia, held and owned by the Corporation of the Roman Catholic Clergy.

3X FRANCIS BERSTON, Agent
for the Corp. R. C. C.

Annapolis, December 2, 1800.

NEW
CONVERSATION CARDS,
In Proſe and Verſe—For ſale at this Office.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.